

# Modelos Estáticos de Equilibrio General en Mathematica

**Jorge Mauricio Oviedo**<sup>1</sup>

**Poma, Víctor Manuel**<sup>2</sup>

**Resumen:** El presente trabajo tiene por objetivo brindar una exposición de los Modelos Estáticos de Equilibrio General. Para llevar a cabo dicha tarea se presenta una revisión teórica de tal tópico complementada con aplicaciones en Matemática 4.1. Se brindan además rutinas de programación en Mathematica que automatizan la tarea de resolución de dichos problemas. De esta manera, se logra cumplir el fin de fomentar el uso de tal método cuantitativo minimizando el esfuerzo de aprendizaje y resolución.

**Palabras clave:** Modelo Clásico, Modelo Keynesiano, Equilibrio General

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<sup>1</sup> joviedo@eco.unc.edu.ar

<sup>2</sup> vmpoma@eco.unc.edu.ar

Para llevar a cabo la exposición de tales modelos se brindan a continuación los supuestos en los que se basan:

1. la tasa de depreciación del capital permanece constante a lo largo del análisis, es decir,  $\partial \delta = 0$ .
2.  $K$  es fijo (tanto a nivel empresa individual como la economía en su agregado).
3. Existen  $n$  empresas idénticas que producen un único producto (el mismo tanto para el consumo como para la inversión en bienes de capital). Asimismo poseen la misma función de producción:

$$Y = F(K, N) \quad \text{donde} \quad Y = \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i, \quad N = \sum_{i=1}^n N_i, \quad K = \sum_{i=1}^n K_i$$

La tecnología de producción es cóncava, es decir:

$$F_N > 0, F_K > 0, F_{NN} < 0, F_{KK} < 0, F_{NK} > 0$$

4. Mercado del factor (de la producción) trabajo,  $N$ , competitivo.

La notación a emplear se detalla como apéndice al final<sup>3</sup>.

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<sup>3</sup> Apéndice I, página.

## Modelo sin fricciones: caso Clásico.

Queda así un sistema formado por 7 ecuaciones que incluyen 7 variables endógenas, a saber:

VARIABLES ENDÓGENAS:  $Y, N, P, C, I, r, w/P$

VARIABLES EXÓGENAS:  $K, G, T, M, B, \delta, \pi$

Las ecuaciones de dicho sistema son:

- La función de producción agregada de la economía es:  
(1)  $Y = F(K, N)$
- La demanda de trabajo de las empresas surge del proceso de maximización del beneficio:  
(2)  $w/P = F_N(N, K)$

- La condición clásica de equilibrio en el mercado laboral al nivel de pleno empleo (asegurado por ajustes flexibles de la tasa salarial) esta dada por:

$$(3) \quad N = N(w/P) \quad \text{donde } N^s = N(w/P) \quad \frac{\partial N^s}{\partial w/P} > 0$$

- La función demanda de consumo<sup>4</sup> es:

$$(4) \quad C = C\left(Y - T - \delta K - \frac{M+B}{P}\pi; r - \pi\right) \quad \frac{\partial C}{\partial Y_d} > 0, \quad \frac{\partial C}{\partial (r - \pi)} < 0$$

$$\text{donde } Y_d = Y - T - \delta K - \frac{M+B}{P}\pi$$

- La función demanda de inversión (del tipo keynesiano)<sup>5</sup> es:

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<sup>4</sup> Función adaptada para la presente revisión. La función original empleada por Sargent es

$$C = C\left(Y - T - \delta K - \frac{M+B}{P}\pi + (q(K, N, r - \pi, \delta) - 1); r - \pi\right)$$

<sup>5</sup> Función adaptada para la presente revisión. La función original empleada por Sargent es:

$$\frac{\partial K}{\partial t} \equiv I \equiv I\left(\frac{F_K - (r - \pi + \delta)}{r - \pi}\right), \quad I' > 0 \quad \text{o como } I \equiv I(q - 1)$$

donde q es la definición debida a Tobin:  $q = \frac{F_K - (r - \pi + \delta)}{r - \pi} + 1 \equiv q(K, N, r - \pi, \delta)$

$$(5) \quad \frac{\partial K}{\partial t} \equiv I \equiv I(F_K - (r - \pi + \delta)) \quad , \quad \frac{\partial I}{\partial (q-1)} = I' > 0$$

en donde

$$I_1 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial K} < 0 \quad , \quad I_2 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial N} > 0 \quad , \quad I_3 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial (r - \pi)} < 0 \quad , \quad I_4 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial \delta} < 0$$

- El ingreso de la economía en términos agregados se define como:

$$(6) \quad Y = C + I + G + \delta K$$

- Por último, la condición de equilibrio del mercado monetario es

$$(7) \quad \frac{M}{P} = m(r, Y)$$

La diferencial total del sistema es (con  $\partial M + \partial B = 0$ ):

$$(1) \quad dy = F_K dk + F_N dN$$

$$(2) \quad dp = F_{NK} dk + F_{NN} dN$$

$$(3) \quad dN = N_s dp$$

$$(4) \quad dM = M dp \quad p = \frac{M}{P} \quad r = r(r, Y) \quad m = m(r, Y)$$

$$(5) \quad dy = dc + dIn + dg + dIk$$

$$(6) \quad dIn = I_1 dk + I_2 dN + I_3 dr + I_4 d\delta$$

$$(7) \quad dc = C_1 dy - C_2 (r - \pi) - dIk - \pi_1 N + B_1 r + B_2 (r - \pi) + B_3 (r - \pi) + B_4 (r - \pi)$$

## Modelo con fricciones: Caso Keynesiano.

La condición clásica de equilibrio en el mercado laboral al nivel de pleno empleo (asegurado por ajustes flexibles de la tasa salarial) no se cumple en este caso, debido a que la tasa nominal de salario es rígida no permitiendo que las fuerzas del mercado consigan el equilibrio.

Queda así un sistema formado por 6 ecuaciones que incluyen 6 variables endógenas a saber:

Variables endógenas:  $Y, N, P, C, I, r$

Variables exógenas:  $K, G, T, M, B, \delta, \pi, w$

Las ecuaciones de dicho sistema son:

- La función de producción agregada de la economía es:

$$(1) \quad Y = F(K, N)$$

- La demanda de trabajo de las empresas surge del proceso de maximización del beneficio:

$$(2) \quad \frac{w}{P} = F_N(N, K)$$

- La función demanda de consumo<sup>6</sup> es:

$$(3) \quad C = C\left(Y - T - \delta K - \frac{M + B}{P}\pi; r - \pi\right) \quad \frac{\partial C}{\partial Y_d} > 0, \quad \frac{\partial C}{\partial (r - \pi)} < 0$$

$$\text{donde } Y_d = Y - T - \delta K - \frac{M + B}{P}\pi$$

- La función demanda de inversión (del tipo keynesiano)<sup>7</sup> es:

$$(4) \quad \frac{\partial K}{\partial t} \equiv I \equiv I(F_K - (r - \pi + \delta)) \quad , \quad \frac{\partial I}{\partial (q - 1)} = I' > 0$$

en donde

$$I_1 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial K} < 0, \quad I_2 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial N} > 0, \quad I_3 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial (r - \pi)} < 0, \quad I_4 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial \delta} < 0$$

- El ingreso de la economía en términos agregados se define como:

$$(5) \quad Y = C + I + G + \delta K$$

- Por último, la condición de equilibrio del mercado monetario es

$$(6) \quad \frac{M}{P} = m(r, Y)$$

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<sup>6</sup> Idem pie de página N° 5

<sup>7</sup> Idem pie de página N° 6

La diferencial total del sistema es (con  $\partial M + \partial B = 0$ ):

(1)  $dU = F_k dx_k + F_n dN$

(2)  $dU = \sum_k F_k dx_k + F_n dN$

(3)  $dM = M dp + p \sum_i dx_i + m y dy$

(4)  $dy \sum dc + dIn + dg + d dk$

(5)  $dIn \sum I_1 dk + I_2 dN + I_3$

(6)  $dc \sum C_1 y - dT - d dk - \dots + B \dots$

**EJERCICIO 7.** *Explique y profundice sobre el título 2 del Cap. 2 de Sargent.*

## **ESTABILIDAD**

Además de ajustarse al alza el precio (y la tasa de interés) ante un exceso de demanda agregada (ante un exceso de demanda de saldos reales) al nivel inicial en consideración, el modelo keynesiano (a diferencia del clásico) permite variación del producto ofrecido al variar el precio.

Por ello en el siguiente análisis se supondrá que durante el ajuste al equilibrio, el sistema permanezca siempre sobre la curva de oferta agregada, así la ecuación de su pendiente

$$\left. \frac{\partial P}{\partial Y} \right|_{OA} = \frac{F_{NN} P}{F_N^2} \quad o \quad \left. \frac{\partial Y}{\partial P} \right|_{OA} = - \frac{F_{NN} w}{F_N^2 P^2}$$

se verifica continuamente en el proceso.

Se postula como ecuación de movimiento para  $p$  y  $r$  las siguientes ecuaciones diferenciales:

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} = \alpha \left[ C(Y - T - \delta K; r - \pi) + I(F_K - (r - \pi + \delta)) + G + \delta K - Y \right], \quad \alpha' > 0, \quad \alpha(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = \beta \left[ m(r, Y) - M/P \right], \quad \beta' > 0, \quad \beta(0) = 0$$

Estas ecuaciones describen la presión hacia el ajuste, aunque tal ajuste ocurre en forma instantánea (el modelo determina todas las variables endógenas a cada momento). Por lo tanto, se considera que estas ecuaciones diferenciales se cumplen cuando las velocidades de ajuste  $\alpha'$  y  $\beta'$  tienden a infinito.

Vemos que la condición de estabilidad solo requiere que la pendiente de la curva LM sea mayor a la de curva IS, no restringiendo el análisis únicamente a casos en que la IS tenga su pendiente normal.

**EJERCICIO 8.** Explique y profundice sobre el título 3 del Cap. 2 de Sargent.

## ANÁLISIS DE LAS INFLACIONES DE “DE EMPUJÓN DE LOS COSTES” Y “DE TIRÓN DE LA DEMANDA”

El resultado obtenido en el presente modelo para la curva de **oferta agregada** es<sup>8</sup>:

$$dy @ dk Fk + \frac{Fn^2 \left( \frac{dp}{p} + \frac{dw}{w} \right)}{Fnn}$$

donde se observa la dependencia del producto ofrecido en la economía de la tasa de variación de los precios y el salario nominal (en conjunto la tasa de variación del salario real), las condiciones tecnológicas y el flujo de nuevo capital.

El producto ofrecido varía en forma directa con el nivel de precios, así  $\left( \frac{\partial Y}{\partial P} \Big|_{OA} = \right)$

$$- \frac{Fn^2}{Fnn p} > 0$$

La **demanda agregada** es (con  $\partial K = 0$ ):

$$dp @ - \frac{mr p^2 \left( \pi + \frac{-d\gamma}{\gamma} \frac{Fn+C1}{Fn} \frac{M}{2+M} + \frac{dM+d\gamma}{mr p^2} \right)}{M}$$

donde se observa la dependencia del producto demandado en la economía de la variación de los precios, oferta de dinero, el nivel de precios las condiciones tecnológicas y parámetros funcionales.

El producto demandado varía en forma inversa con el nivel de precios, así  $\left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial Y} \Big|_{DA} = \right)$

$$\frac{1 + \frac{1}{M} \left( \frac{r + \frac{1}{M} \left( \frac{mr - F1}{Fn} \right) \frac{M}{2+M} + \frac{1}{B} \right)}{Fn} < 0$$

Es interesante destacar los efectos que producen los cambios en la oferta de sus determinantes, pues estos producen lo que se conoce como **inflación del empujón de costos**.

Así, respectivamente, se obtiene:

- $\left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial w} \Big|_{OA} = \right)$  y  $\left( \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial w^2} \Big|_{OA} = \right)$  son:  
 $\frac{p}{w}$        $-\frac{p}{w^2}$

- $\left( \frac{\partial Y}{\partial w} \Big|_{OA} = \right)$  y  $\left( \frac{\partial Y^2}{\partial w^2} \Big|_{OA} = \right)$  son:

<sup>8</sup> Suponiendo  $M + B = 0$  y  $\partial M + \partial B = 0$

$$\frac{Fn^2}{Fnn w}$$

$$-\frac{Fn^2}{Fnn w^2}$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial F_N} \Big|_{OA} \right) y \left( \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial F_N^2} \Big|_{OA} \right) \text{son:}$$

$$\frac{2 \frac{dy - dk Fk}{Fn^3} p}{Fn^3} \quad - \quad \frac{6 \frac{dy - dk Fk}{Fn^4} p}{Fn^4}$$

$$\bullet \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial F_N} \Big|_{OA} \right) \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial F_N} \Big|_{OA} \right) \text{son:}$$

$$\frac{2 Fn \frac{\frac{dp}{p} + \frac{dw}{w}}{Fnn}}{Fnn} \quad \frac{2 \frac{\frac{dp}{p} + \frac{dw}{w}}{Fnn}}{Fnn}$$

$$\bullet \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial F_{NN}} \Big|_{OA} \right) y \left( \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial F_{NN}^2} \Big|_{OA} \right) \text{son:}$$

$$-\frac{\frac{dy - dk Fk}{Fn^2}}{Fn^2} \quad 0$$

$$\bullet \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial F_{NN}} \Big|_{OA} \right) \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial F_{NN}} \Big|_{OA} \right) \text{son:}$$

$$-\frac{Fn^2 \frac{\frac{dp}{p} + \frac{dw}{w}}{Fnn^2}}{Fnn^2} \quad \frac{2 Fn^2 \frac{\frac{dp}{p} + \frac{dw}{w}}{Fnn^3}}{Fnn^3}$$

$$\bullet \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial F_K} \Big|_{OA} \right) y \left( \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial F_K^2} \Big|_{OA} \right) \text{son:}$$

$$\frac{dk Fnn p}{Fn^2} \quad 0$$

$$\bullet \left( \frac{\partial Y}{\partial F_K} \Big|_{OA} \right) y \left( \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial F_K^2} \Big|_{OA} \right) \text{son:}$$

$$dk \quad 0$$

Es interesante destacar los efectos que producen los cambios en la oferta de sus determinantes, pues estos producen lo que se conoce como **inflación por tirón de la demanda**.

Así, respectivamente, se obtiene:

$$\bullet \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \Big|_{DA} \right) \quad y \quad \left( \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial T^2} \Big|_{DA} \right) \text{son:}$$

$$-\frac{\frac{I1 m2 p4}{I2 + I1}}{I2 + I1} \quad 0$$

- $(\partial Y / \partial T|_{DA} =)$  y  $(\partial^2 Y / \partial T^2|_{DA} =)$  son:

$$\frac{C1 \text{ Fn mr}}{1 + C1 \text{ Fn} + I2 \text{ mr} - \text{Fn} (2 + I3)}$$

0

- $(\partial P / \partial M|_{DA} =)$  y  $(\partial^2 P / \partial M^2|_{DA} =)$  son:

$$\frac{1}{M} \quad - \frac{1}{M^2}$$

- $(\partial Y / \partial M|_{DA} =)$  y  $(\partial^2 Y / \partial M^2|_{DA} =)$  son:

$$\frac{\text{Fn} (2 + I3)}{1 + C1 \text{ Fn} + I2 \text{ mr} - \text{Fn} (2 + I3)}$$

0

- $(\partial P / \partial \pi|_{DA} =)$  y  $(\partial^2 P / \partial \pi^2|_{DA} =)$  son:

$$- \frac{\text{mr} \text{ p}^2}{M}$$

0

- $(\partial Y / \partial \pi|_{DA} =)$  y  $(\partial^2 Y / \partial \pi^2|_{DA} =)$  son:

$$\frac{\text{Fn} (2 + I3)}{1 + C1 \text{ Fn} + I2 \text{ mr} - \text{Fn} (2 + I3)}$$

0

- $(\partial P / \partial g|_{DA} =)$  y  $(\partial^2 P / \partial g^2|_{DA} =)$  son:

$$\frac{\text{mr} \text{ p}}{2 + I3}$$

0

- $(\partial Y / \partial g|_{DA} =)$  y  $(\partial^2 Y / \partial g^2|_{DA} =)$  son:

$$\frac{\text{Fn mr}}{1 + C1 \text{ Fn} + I2 \text{ mr} - \text{Fn} (2 + I3)}$$

0

## Implementaciones en Matemática 4.1

# CLASSIC MODEL

*Author: Jorge Mauricio Oviedo*

*Mathematica* Initializations

Multiplicator Fuctions

```
Multiplicator[vardep_, varind_, name_, especific_] :=  
Module[{a}, a = D[vardep, varind]; If[Simplify[a > 0, especific], Print[name / varind == a > 0],  
If[Simplify[a < 0, especific], Print[name / varind == a < 0],  
If[Simplify[a == 0, especific], Print[name / varind == a]]],  
Print[name / varind == a → "Undefinide Sign" ]]
```

WHITOUT DICOTOMIC

GENERAL SOLUTIONS

```
Unprotect[N, C, In];  
ClearAll[Y, WP, N, PC, In, R, dM, dB];  
R =  
Simplify[Solve[{dy == Fk dk + Fn dN, dvp == Fnk dk + Fnn dN, dN == Np dvp, dM - M dp == p (mr dr + my dy),  
dy == dc + dI + dg + δ dk, dI == I1 dk + I2 dn + I3 (dr - d pi),  
dc == C1 (dy - dI - δ dk - (pi (p (dM + dB) - (M + B) dp) / p^2) + d pi (M + B) / p) + C2 (dr - d pi)},  
{dy, dvp, dN, dp, dc, dI, dr}]]:  
R[[1, 1]]  
R[[1, 2]]  
R[[1, 3]]  
R[[1, 4]]  
R[[1, 5]]  
R[[1, 6]]  
R[[1, 7]]  
R = {dy, dvp, dN, dp, dc, dI, dr} /. R;
```

$$\begin{aligned}
dc &\rightarrow -dg + dk I1 - dk I2 - dn I2 + \frac{dk F_n F_{nk} N_p}{1 - F_{nn} N_p} + d I3 p_i - dk \delta + \\
&\left( I3 p \left( -\frac{C1 dM (B+M) p_i}{p^2} - \frac{dk (F_k + F_n F_{nk} N_p - F_k F_{nn} N_p) (B C1 m_y p_i + M (p - C1 p + C1 m_y p_i))}{(-1 + F_{nn} N_p) p} - \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. M \left( dg - C2 d p_i + dk I1 + dn I2 - d I3 p_i + dk \delta - \frac{C1 (-B d p_i - d p_i M + d T p + dB p_i + d M p_i + dk p \delta)}{p} \right) \right) \right) / (-C2 \\
&\quad \frac{M p - I3 M p + C1 (B+M) m_r p_i}{dk F_{nk}} \\
dwp &\rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - F_{nn} N_p} \\
dI &\rightarrow dk I1 + dn I2 - d I3 p_i - \\
&\left( I3 p \left( -\frac{C1 dM (B+M) p_i}{p^2} - \frac{dk (F_k + F_n F_{nk} N_p - F_k F_{nn} N_p) (B C1 m_y p_i + M (p - C1 p + C1 m_y p_i))}{(-1 + F_{nn} N_p) p} - \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. M \left( dg - C2 d p_i + dk I1 + dn I2 - d I3 p_i + dk \delta - \frac{C1 (-B d p_i - d p_i M + d T p + dB p_i + d M p_i + dk p \delta)}{p} \right) \right) \right) / (-C2 \\
&\quad \frac{M p - I3 M p + C1 (B+M) m_r p_i}{dk F_{nk}} \\
dp &\rightarrow \frac{1}{M} \left( dM + dk m_y \left( -F_k + \frac{F_n F_{nk} N_p}{-1 + F_{nn} N_p} \right) p + \right. \\
&\quad \left( m_r p^2 \left( -\frac{C1 dM (B+M) p_i}{p^2} - \frac{dk (F_k + F_n F_{nk} N_p - F_k F_{nn} N_p) (B C1 m_y p_i + M (p - C1 p + C1 m_y p_i))}{(-1 + F_{nn} N_p) p} - \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. M \left( dg - C2 d p_i + dk I1 + dn I2 - d I3 p_i + dk \delta - \frac{C1 (-B d p_i - d p_i M + d T p + dB p_i + d M p_i + dk p \delta)}{p} \right) \right) \right) / (-C2 \\
&\quad \frac{M p - I3 M p + C1 (B+M) m_r p_i}{dk F_{nk}} \\
dr &\rightarrow \left( p \left( \frac{C1 dM (B+M) p_i}{p^2} + \frac{dk (F_k + F_n F_{nk} N_p - F_k F_{nn} N_p) (B C1 m_y p_i + M (p - C1 p + C1 m_y p_i))}{(-1 + F_{nn} N_p) p} + \right. \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left. M \left( dg - C2 d p_i + dk I1 + dn I2 - d I3 p_i + dk \delta - \frac{C1 (-B d p_i - d p_i M + d T p + dB p_i + d M p_i + dk p \delta)}{p} \right) \right) \right) / \\
&\quad \frac{(-C2 M p - I3 M p + C1 (B+M) m_r p_i)}{dk \left( F_k + \frac{F_n F_{nk} N_p}{1 - F_{nn} N_p} \right)} \\
dN &\rightarrow \frac{dk F_{nk} N_p}{1 - F_{nn} N_p}
\end{aligned}$$

## STATIC COMPARATIVE

To calculate the sensibility of the endogenous variables (Y,C,N,w,r,In,P) with regarding the exogenous ones (dk,dg,dT,dpi,dM,dB) only press " **Shif + Enter** " in the following expression:

**ClearAll[exogenas , endogenas];**

**Unprotected[dWP];**

**endogenas = {dY, dWP, dNN, dP, dC, dIn, dR};**

**exogenas = {dg, dk, dT, dM, dpi};**

**Do[Multiplicator[A[[1, j]], exogenas[[i]], endogenas[[j]],**

**Fnn < 0 && Fnk > 0 && Fk > 0 && C1 > 0 && C2 < 0 && I1 < 0 && I2 > 0 && I3 < 0 && Fkk < 0 && p > 0 && mr < 0 &&**

**my > 0 && Np > 0 && M > 0], {i, 1, Length[exogenas]}, {j, 1, Length[endogenas]}}**

$\frac{dY}{dg} == 0$

$$\frac{dW}{dg} == 0$$

$$\frac{dg}{dNN} == 0$$

$$\frac{dg}{dP} == -\frac{mr p^2}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dg}{dC} == -1 - \frac{I3 Mp}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dg}{dIn} == \frac{I3 Mp}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dg}{dR} == \frac{Mp}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dY}{dk} == Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dWP}{dk} == \frac{Fnk}{1 - Fnn Np} > 0$$

$$\frac{dNN}{dk} == \frac{Fnk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} > 0$$

$$\frac{dP}{dk} == \frac{my \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{-L + Fnn Np} \right) p + \frac{mr p^2 \left( -\frac{(Fk + Fn Fnk Np - Fk Fnn Np) (B C1 my pi + M (p - C1 p + C1 my pi))}{(-L + Fnn Np) p} - M (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta) \right)}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi}}{\rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dk} == Fk - I1 + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} - \delta + \frac{I3 p \left( -\frac{(Fk + Fn Fnk Np - Fk Fnn Np) (B C1 my pi + M (p - C1 p + C1 my pi))}{(-L + Fnn Np) p} - M (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta) \right)}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow$$

$$\text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dk} == I1 - \frac{I3 p \left( -\frac{(Fk + Fn Fnk Np - Fk Fnn Np) (B C1 my pi + M (p - C1 p + C1 my pi))}{(-L + Fnn Np) p} - M (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta) \right)}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dk} == \frac{p \left( \frac{(Fk + Fn Fnk Np - Fk Fnn Np) (B C1 my pi + M (p - C1 p + C1 my pi))}{(-L + Fnn Np) p} + M (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta) \right)}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dY}{dT} == 0$$

$$\frac{dT}{dWP} == 0$$

$$\frac{dT}{dNN} == 0$$

$$\frac{dT}{dP} == \frac{C1 mr p^2}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dC} == \frac{C1 I3 Mp}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dIn} == -\frac{C1 I3 Mp}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dR} == -\frac{C1 Mp}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dY} == 0$$

$$\frac{dM}{dWP} == 0$$

$$\frac{dM}{dNN} == 0$$

$$\frac{dM}{dM} == 0$$

$$\frac{dP}{dM} == \frac{1 + \frac{mr p^2 \left( -\frac{C1 (B + M) pi}{p^2} + \frac{C1 Mp}{p} \right)}{-C2 Mp - I3 Mp + C1 (B + M) mr pi}}{M} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dM} = \frac{I_3 p \left( -\frac{C_1(B+M)pi}{p^2} + \frac{C_1 M pi}{P} \right)}{-C_2 M p - I_3 M p + C_1 (B+M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dM} = -\frac{I_3 p \left( -\frac{C_1(B+M)pi}{p^2} + \frac{C_1 M pi}{P} \right)}{-C_2 M p - I_3 M p + C_1 (B+M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dM} = \frac{p \left( \frac{C_1(B+M)pi}{p^2} - \frac{C_1 M pi}{P} \right)}{-C_2 M p - I_3 M p + C_1 (B+M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dY}{dY} = 0$$

$$\frac{dpi}{dWP} = 0$$

$$\frac{dpi}{dNN} = 0$$

$$\frac{dP}{dpi} = -\frac{mr \left( -C_2 - \frac{C_1(-B-M)}{P} \right) p^2}{-C_2 M p - I_3 M p + C_1 (B+M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dpi} = -\frac{I_3 M \left( -C_2 - \frac{C_1(-B-M)}{P} \right) p}{-C_2 M p - I_3 M p + C_1 (B+M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dpi} = \frac{I_3 M \left( -C_2 - \frac{C_1(-B-M)}{P} \right) p}{-C_2 M p - I_3 M p + C_1 (B+M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dpi} = \frac{M \left( -C_2 - \frac{C_1(-B-M)}{P} \right) p}{-C_2 M p - I_3 M p + C_1 (B+M) mr pi} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

## IS-LM AND DA-OA ANALYSIS

### IS EQUATION

IS =

FullSimplify[

Solve[

dy == ReplaceAll[ReplaceAll[dc + dI + dg + δ dk,

{dc -> C1 (dy - dT - δ dk - (pi (p (dM + dB) - (M + B) dp) / p^2) + dpi (M + B) / p) + C2 (dr - dpi),

dI -> I1 dk + I2 dn + I3 (dr - dpi)], {dk -> 0}], dr]]

-dg + C2 dpi + dy - dn I2 + d I3 pi - C1 \left( -dT + dy + \frac{dpi (B+M)}{P} + \frac{(dp (B+M) - (dB+M) p) pi}{P^2} \right)

{{{dr -> \frac{\hspace{10em}}{C2 + I3}}}}

IS = dr /. IS;

FullSimplify[D[IS, dy]]

\left\{ \frac{1 - C1}{C2 + I3} \right\}

### LM EQUATION

LM = FullSimplify[Solve[dM - M dp == p (mr dr + my dy), dr]]

{{{dr -> \frac{dM - dp M - dy my p}{mr p}}}}

LM = dr /. LM;

D[LM, dy]

$$\left\{ -\frac{m\bar{y}}{m\bar{x}} \right\}$$

DA EQUATION

**DA = FullSimplify[Solve[IS == LM, dp]]**

$$\left\{ \left( dp \rightarrow \frac{-\left( p \left( -dM I3 + (C1 (dT - dy) + dy - dn I2) m\bar{x} p + dy I3 m\bar{y} p - m\bar{x} (C1 d\pi (B + M) + dg p) + C2 (-dM + d\pi m\bar{x} p + dy m\bar{y} p) + C1 dB m\bar{x} \pi + C1 dM m\bar{x} \pi + d I3 m\bar{x} p \pi) \right)}{\left( (C2 + I3) M p - C1 (B + M) m\bar{x} \pi \right)} \right) \right\}$$

**DA = dp /. DA;**

**FullSimplify[D[DA, dy]]**

$$\left\{ \frac{\left( (-1 + C1) m\bar{x} - (C2 + I3) m\bar{y} \right) p^2}{(C2 + I3) M p - C1 (B + M) m\bar{x} \pi} \right\}$$

OA EQUATION

$$OA = dk \left( Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} \right)$$

$$dk \left( Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} \right)$$

**D[OA, dp]**

0

## WHIT DICOTOMIC

## GENERAL SOLUTIONS

**Unprotect[N, C, In];**

**ClearAll[Y, WP, N, PC, In, R, dM, dB];**

**dB = -dM;**

**A =**

**Simplify[Solve[{dy == Fk dk + Fn dN, dwp == Fnk dk + Fnn dN, dN == Np dwp, dM - M dp == p (m\bar{x} dr + m\bar{y} dy), dy == dc + dI + dg + \delta dk, dI == I1 dk + I2 dn + I3 (dr - d\pi), dc == C1 (dy - dT - \delta dk - (\pi (p (dM + dB) - (M + B) dp) / p^2) + d\pi (M + B) / p) + C2 (dr - d\pi)}, {dy, dwp, dN, dp, dc, dI, dr}]];**

**A[[1, 1]]**

**A[[1, 2]]**

**A[[1, 3]]**

**A[[1, 4]]**

**A[[1, 5]]**

**A[[1, 6]]**

**A[[1, 7]]**

**A = {dy, dwp, dN, dp, dc, dI, dr} /. A;**

$$dc \rightarrow -dg + dk Fk - dk I1 - dn I2 + \frac{dk Fk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} + d I3 pi - dk \delta -$$

$$\left( I3 \left( \frac{C1 dM (B + M) pi}{p^2} + dk \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \left( M - C1 M + \frac{C1 (B + M) my pi}{p} \right) + M \left( dg - C2 dpi + dk I1 + \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. dn I2 - d I3 pi + dk \delta + C1 \left( -dT + \frac{dpi (B + M)}{p} - dk \delta \right) \right) \right) \right) / \left( - (C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B + M) mr pi}{p} \right)$$

$$dwp \rightarrow \frac{dk Fk Np}{1 - Fnn Np}$$

$$dI \rightarrow$$

$$dk I1 + dn I2 - d I3 pi + \left( I3 \left( \frac{C1 dM (B + M) pi}{p^2} + dk \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \left( M - C1 M + \frac{C1 (B + M) my pi}{p} \right) + M \left( dg - C2 dpi + \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. dk I1 + dn I2 - d I3 pi + dk \delta + C1 \left( -dT + \frac{dpi (B + M)}{p} - dk \delta \right) \right) \right) \right) / \left( - (C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B + M) mr pi}{p} \right)$$

$$dp \rightarrow \frac{1}{M} \left( dM + dk my \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \right) p -$$

$$\left( mr p \left( \frac{C1 dM (B + M) pi}{p^2} + dk \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \left( M - C1 M + \frac{C1 (B + M) my pi}{p} \right) + M \left( dg - C2 dpi + dk I1 + \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. dn I2 - d I3 pi + dk \delta + C1 \left( -dT + \frac{dpi (B + M)}{p} - dk \delta \right) \right) \right) \right) / \left( - (C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B + M) mr pi}{p} \right)$$

$$dr \rightarrow \left( \frac{C1 dM (B + M) pi}{p^2} + dk \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \left( M - C1 M + \frac{C1 (B + M) my pi}{p} \right) + \right.$$

$$\left. M \left( dg - C2 dpi + dk I1 + dn I2 - d I3 pi + dk \delta + C1 \left( -dT + \frac{dpi (B + M)}{p} - dk \delta \right) \right) \right) / \left( - (C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B + M) mr pi}{p} \right)$$

$$dy \rightarrow dk \left( Fk + \frac{Fn Fk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} \right)$$

$$dN \rightarrow \frac{dk Fk Np}{1 - Fnn Np}$$

## STATIC COMPARATIVE

To calculate the sensibility of the endogenous variables (Y,C,N,w,r,In,P) with regarding the exogenous ones (dk,dg,dT,dpi,dM,dB) only press " **Shif + Enter** " in the following expression:

**ClearAll[exogenas, endogenas];**

**endogenas = {dY, dWP, dNN, dP, dC, dIn, dR};**

**exogenas = {dg, dk, dT, dM, dpi};**

**Do[Multiplicator[A[[1, j]], exogenas[[i]], endogenas[[j]],**

**Fnn < 0 && Fnk > 0 && Fk > 0 && C1 > 0 && C2 < 0 && I1 < 0 && I2 > 0 && I3 < 0 && Fkk < 0 && p > 0 && mr < 0 &&**

**my > 0 && Np > 0 && M > 0], {i, 1, Length[exogenas]}, {j, 1, Length[endogenas]}]**

$\frac{dY}{dg} == 0$

$\frac{dWP}{dg} == 0$

$\frac{dNN}{dg} == 0$

$\frac{dP}{dg} == - \frac{mr p}{- (C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B + M) mr pi}{p}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$

$$\frac{dC}{dg} == -1 - \frac{I3 M}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dg} == \frac{I3 M}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dg} == \frac{M}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dY}{dk} == Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dWP}{dk} == \frac{Fnk}{1 - Fnn Np} > 0$$

$$\frac{dNN}{dk} == \frac{Fnk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} > 0$$

$$\frac{dP}{dk} == \frac{mY \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) P - \frac{mr p \left( \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \left( M - Cl M + \frac{Cl (B+M) my pi}{P} \right) + M (I1 + \delta - Cl \delta) \right)}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}}}{M} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dk} == Fk - I1 + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{1 - Fnn Np} - \delta - \frac{I3 \left( \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \left( M - Cl M + \frac{Cl (B+M) my pi}{P} \right) + M (I1 + \delta - Cl \delta) \right)}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dk} == I1 + \frac{I3 \left( \left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \left( M - Cl M + \frac{Cl (B+M) my pi}{P} \right) + M (I1 + \delta - Cl \delta) \right)}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dk} == \frac{\left( -Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Np}{-1 + Fnn Np} \right) \left( M - Cl M + \frac{Cl (B+M) my pi}{P} \right) + M (I1 + \delta - Cl \delta)}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dY}{dT} == 0$$

$$\frac{dWP}{dT} == 0$$

$$\frac{dNN}{dT} == 0$$

$$\frac{dP}{dT} == \frac{Cl mr p}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dT} == \frac{Cl I3 M}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dT} == -\frac{Cl I3 M}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dT} == -\frac{Cl M}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dY}{dM} == 0$$

$$\frac{dWP}{dM} == 0$$

$$\frac{dNN}{dM} == 0$$

$$\frac{dP}{dM} == \frac{1 - \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P \left( -(C2 + I3) M + \frac{Cl (B+M) mr pi}{P} \right)}}{M} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dM} = -\frac{C1 I3 (B + M) pi}{p^2 \left( -(C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B+M) mr pi}{P} \right)} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dM} = \frac{C1 I3 (B + M) pi}{p^2 \left( -(C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B+M) mr pi}{P} \right)} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dM} = \frac{C1 (B + M) pi}{p^2 \left( -(C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B+M) mr pi}{P} \right)} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dY}{dpi} = 0$$

$$\frac{dWP}{dpi} = 0$$

$$\frac{dNN}{dpi} = 0$$

$$\frac{dP}{dpi} = -\frac{mr \left( -C2 + \frac{C1 (B+M)}{P} \right) p}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dpi} = -\frac{I3 M \left( -C2 + \frac{C1 (B+M)}{P} \right)}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dpi} = \frac{I3 M \left( -C2 + \frac{C1 (B+M)}{P} \right)}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dpi} = \frac{M \left( -C2 + \frac{C1 (B+M)}{P} \right)}{-(C2 + I3) M + \frac{C1 (B+M) mr pi}{P}} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

## IS-LM AND DA-OA ANALYSIS

### IS EQUATION

$$dB = -dM;$$

$$B = -M;$$

$$IS =$$

FullSimplify[

Solve[

$$dy = \text{ReplaceAll}[\text{ReplaceAll}[dc + dI + dg + \delta dk,$$

$$\{dc \rightarrow C1 (dy - dT - \delta dk - (pi (p (dM + dB) - (M + B) dp) / p^2) + dpi (M + B) / p) + C2 (dr - dpi),$$

$$dI \rightarrow I1 dk + I2 dn + I3 (dr - dpi)\}, \{dk \rightarrow 0\}, dr]]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ dr \rightarrow \frac{-dg + C2 dpi + C1 dT + dy - C1 dy - dn I2 + d I3 pi}{C2 + I3} \right\} \right\}$$

$$dB = -dM;$$

$$B = -M;$$

$$IS = dr /. IS;$$

FullSimplify[D[IS, dy]]

$$\left\{ \frac{1 - C1}{C2 + I3} \right\}$$

### LM EQUATION

$$dB = -dM;$$

$$B = -M;$$

$$LM = \text{FullSimplify}[\text{Solve}[dM - M dp == p (m_r dr + m_y dy), dr]]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ dr \rightarrow \frac{dM - dp M - dy m_y p}{m_r p} \right\} \right\}$$

$$dB = -dM;$$

$$B = -M;$$

$$LM = dr /. LM;$$

$$D[LM, dy]$$

$$\left\{ -\frac{m_y}{m_r} \right\}$$

DA EQUATION

$$dB = -dM;$$

$$B = -M;$$

$$DA = \text{FullSimplify}[\text{Solve}[IS == LM, dp]]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ dp \rightarrow -\frac{m_r p \left( \frac{-dM + dy m_y p}{m_r p} + \frac{-d_g + C_2 dp_i + C_1 dI + dy - C_1 dy - d_n I_2 + d I_3 p_i}{C_2 + I_3} \right)}{M} \right\} \right\}$$

$$dB = -dM;$$

$$B = -M;$$

$$DA = dp /. DA;$$

$$\text{FullSimplify}[D[DA, dy]]$$

$$\left\{ \frac{((-1 + C_1) m_r - (C_2 + I_3) m_y) p}{(C_2 + I_3) M} \right\}$$

OA EQUATION

$$OA = dk \left( Fk + \frac{F_n F_{nk} Np}{1 - F_{nn} Np} \right)$$

$$dk \left( Fk + \frac{F_n F_{nk} Np}{1 - F_{nn} Np} \right)$$

$$D[OA, dp]$$

0

## **KEYNESIAN MODEL**

*Authors: Jorge Mauricio Oviedo*

*Victor Manuel Poma*

## Mathematica Initializations

### Multiplicator Fuctions

```
Multiplicator[vardep_, varind_, name_, especific_] :=  
Module[{a}, a = D[vardep, varind]; If[Simplify[a > 0, especific], Print[name / varind == a > 0],  
If[Simplify[a < 0, especific], Print[name / varind == a < 0],  
If[Simplify[a == 0, especific], Print[name / varind == a]]],  
Print[name / varind == a -> "Undefinide Sign"]]
```

## WHITOUT DICOTOMIC

$dB = -dM$

## GENERAL SOLUTIONS

```
Unprotect[N, C, In];
```

```
ClearAll[Y, N, P, C, In, R, w, dM, dB];
```

```
dB = -dM;
```

```
B = -M;
```

```
A =
```

```
Simplify[Solve[{dy == Fk dk + Fn dN, (dw p - w dp) / p^2 == Fnk dk + Fnn dN, dM - M dp / p == p (mr dr + my dy),  
dy == dc + dIn + dg + d dk, dIn == I1 dk + I2 dN + I3 (dr - dpi),  
dc == C1 (dy - dT - d dk - (pi (p (dM + dB) - (M + B) dp) / p^2) + dpi (M + B) / p) + C2 (dr - dpi)},  
{dy, dN, dp, dc, dIn, dr}]];
```

```
A[[1, 1]]
```

```
A[[1, 2]]
```

```
A[[1, 3]]
```

```
A[[1, 4]]
```

```
A[[1, 5]]
```

```
A[[1, 6]]
```

```
A = {dy, dN, dp, dc, dIn, dr} /. A;
```

```
dc ->
```

```
(C1 (dw Fn I3 M - dT Fnn I3 M p - dM Fn I3 w - dg Fn mr p w + dT Fn mr p w - dT I2 mr p w + dpi Fn I3 mr p w + dT Fn I3 my p w -  
dk p (- (Fnn I3 M + I2 mr w) (Fk - d) + Fn (Fnk I3 M + I1 mr w - I3 my w d))) +  
C2 (dw (Fn - I2) M - dg Fnn M p - dM Fn w + dM I2 w + dpi Fn mr p w - dpi I2 mr p w + dg Fn my p w +  
dk p (Fk Fnn M - Fnn I1 M + Fnk I2 M - Fk I2 my w - Fnn M d + Fn (-Fnk M + my w (I1 + d)))) /
```

```
(p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w)))
```

```
dIn -> (-(-1 + C1) dw Fn I3 M - dk Fn Fnk I3 M p + C1 dk Fn Fnk I3 M p - dg Fnn I3 M p + C1 dT Fnn I3 M p + dk Fk Fnn I3 M p -
```

```
C1 dk Fk Fnn I3 M p - dM Fn I3 w + C1 dM Fn I3 w - dk Fn I1 mr p w + C1 dk Fn I1 mr p w - dg I2 mr p w +
```

```
C1 dT I2 mr p w + dk Fk I2 mr p w - C1 dk Fk I2 mr p w + dpi Fn I3 mr p w - C1 dpi Fn I3 mr p w + dg Fn I3 my p w -
```

```
C1 dT Fn I3 my p w + C2 (dw I2 M + I2 (-dM + dpi mr) w + dk p (Fnn I1 M - Fnk I2 M - Fn I1 my w + Fk I2 my w)) -
```

```
dk Fnn I3 M p d + C1 dk Fnn I3 M p d - dk I2 mr p w d + C1 dk I2 mr p w d + dk Fn I3 my p w d - C1 dk Fn I3 my p w d) /
```

```
(p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w)))
```

$$\begin{aligned}
dp &\rightarrow \frac{1}{w} \left( p^2 \left( -dk F_{nk} + \frac{dw}{p} + (F_{nn} (dk F_k ((-1 + C1) m_r - (C2 + I3) m_y) p w + (C2 + I3) (-dw M + dk F_{nk} M p + dM w) + m_r p w (dg - C2 dpi - C1 dT + dk I1 - dpi I3 + dk \delta - C1 dk \delta)) \right) / \right. \\
&\quad \left. (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w)) \right) \Bigg) \\
dr &\rightarrow (-dw ((-1 + C1) F_n + I2) M - dg F_{nn} M p + C2 dpi F_{nn} M p + C1 dT F_{nn} M p + dpi F_{nn} I3 M p - \\
&\quad dM F_n w + C1 dM F_n w + dM I2 w + dg F_n m_y p w - C2 dpi F_n m_y p w - C1 dT F_n m_y p w - dpi F_n I3 m_y p w + dk p \\
&\quad (-F_k ((-1 + C1) F_{nn} M + I2 m_y w) + M (F_{nk} I2 - F_{nn} (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta)) + F_n ((-1 + C1) F_{nk} M + m_y w (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta))) / \\
&\quad (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w)) \\
dy &\rightarrow dk F_k - (F_n (dk F_k ((-1 + C1) m_r - (C2 + I3) m_y) p w + \\
&\quad (C2 + I3) (-dw M + dk F_{nk} M p + dM w) + m_r p w (dg - C2 dpi - C1 dT + dk I1 - dpi I3 + dk \delta - C1 dk \delta))) / \\
&\quad (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w)) \\
dN &\rightarrow -(dk F_k ((-1 + C1) m_r - (C2 + I3) m_y) p w + \\
&\quad (C2 + I3) (-dw M + dk F_{nk} M p + dM w) + m_r p w (dg - C2 dpi - C1 dT + dk I1 - dpi I3 + dk \delta - C1 dk \delta)) / \\
&\quad (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w))
\end{aligned}$$

## STATIC COMPARATIVE

To calculate the sensibility of the endogenous variables (Y,C,N,r,In,P) with regarding the exogenous ones (dk,dg,dT,dpi,dM,dB,dW) only press " **Shif + Enter** " in the following expression:

**ClearAll[exogenas, endogenas];**

**Unprotected[dWP];**

**endogenas = {dY, dNN, dP, dC, dIn, dR};**

**exogenas = {dg, dk, dT, dM, dpi, dw};**

**Do[Multiplicator[A[[1, j]], exogenas[[i]], endogenas[[j]],**

**Fnn < 0 && Fnk > 0 && Fk > 0 && C1 > 0 && C2 < 0 && I1 < 0 && I2 > 0 && I3 < 0 && Fkk < 0 && Fn > 0 && p > 0 && w > 0 && mr < 0 &&**

**my > 0 && Np > 0 && M > 0], {i, 1, Length[exogenas]}, {j, 1, Length[endogenas]}}**

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{dY}{dW} &== - \frac{F_n m_r w}{F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w)} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign} \\
\frac{dg}{dNN} &== - \frac{m_r w}{F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w)} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign} \\
\frac{dg}{dP} &== \frac{F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w)}{F_{nn} m_r p^2} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign} \\
\frac{dg}{dC} &== \frac{F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w)}{-C1 F_n m_r p w + C2 (-F_{nn} M p + F_n m_y p w)} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign} \\
\frac{dg}{dIn} &== \frac{p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w))}{-F_{nn} I3 M p - I2 m_r p w + F_n I3 m_y p w} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign} \\
\frac{dg}{dR} &== \frac{p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w))}{-F_{nn} M p + F_n m_y p w} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign} \\
\frac{dg}{dY} &== \frac{p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w))}{F_n (F_{nk} (C2 + I3) M p + F_k ((-1 + C1) m_r - (C2 + I3) m_y) p w + m_r p w (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta))} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign} \\
\frac{dk}{dNN} &== - \frac{F_{nk} (C2 + I3) M p + F_k ((-1 + C1) m_r - (C2 + I3) m_y) p w + m_r p w (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta)}{p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w))} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign} \\
\frac{dk}{dk} &== - \frac{F_{nk} (C2 + I3) M p + F_k ((-1 + C1) m_r - (C2 + I3) m_y) p w + m_r p w (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta)}{p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n m_r + C1 F_n m_r + I2 m_r - F_n I3 m_y) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n m_y w))} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dP}{dK} = \frac{p^2 \left( -F_{nk} + \frac{F_{nn}(F_{nk}(C_2+I_3)M_p+F_k((-1+C_1)mr-(C_2+I_3)my)p\omega+mrp\omega(I_1+\delta-C_1\delta))}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)\omega+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \right)}{w} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dK}{dC} = \frac{(-C_1p(-F_{nn}I_3M+I_2mrw)(F_k-\delta)+F_n(F_{nk}I_3M+I_1mrw-I_3myw\delta))+C_2p(F_kF_{nn}M-F_{nn}I_1M+F_{nk}I_2M-F_kI_2myw-F_{nn}M\delta+F_n(-F_{nk}M+myw(I_1+\delta))))}{(p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dK} = \frac{(-F_nF_{nk}I_3Mp+C_1F_nF_{nk}I_3Mp+F_kF_{nn}I_3Mp-C_1F_kF_{nn}I_3Mp-F_nI_1mrpw+C_1F_nI_1mrpw+F_kI_2mrpw-C_1F_kI_2mrpw+C_2p(F_{nn}I_1M-F_{nk}I_2M-F_nI_1myw+F_kI_2myw)-F_{nn}I_3Mp\delta+C_1F_{nn}I_3Mp\delta-I_2mrpw\delta+C_1I_2mrpw\delta+F_nI_3mypw\delta-C_1F_nI_3mypw\delta)}{(p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dK} = \frac{(-F_k((-1+C_1)F_{nn}M+I_2myw)+M(F_{nk}I_2-F_{nn}(I_1+\delta-C_1\delta))+F_n((-1+C_1)F_{nk}M+myw(I_1+\delta-C_1\delta)))}{(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dY}{dC} = \frac{C_1F_{nr}w}{F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dNN} = \frac{C_1mrw}{F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dP} = \frac{C_1F_{nn}mrp^2}{F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dC} = \frac{C_1(-F_{nn}I_3Mp+F_{nr}pw-I_2mrpw+F_nI_3mypw)}{F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dIn} = \frac{C_1F_{nn}I_3Mp+C_1I_2mrpw-C_1F_nI_3mypw}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dR} = \frac{C_1F_{nn}Mp-C_1F_nmypw}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dT}{dY} = \frac{F_n(C_2+I_3)w}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dM}{dNN} = \frac{(C_2+I_3)w}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dM}{dP} = \frac{F_{nn}(C_2+I_3)p}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dM}{dC} = \frac{-C_1F_nI_3w+C_2(-F_nw+I_2w)}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dM}{dIn} = \frac{-C_2I_2w-F_nI_3w+C_1F_nI_3w}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dM}{dR} = \frac{-F_nw+C_1F_nw+I_2w}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dM}{dY} = \frac{F_n(-C_2-I_3)mrw}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dpi}{dNN} = \frac{(-C_2-I_3)mrw}{F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dpi}{dP} = \frac{F_{nn}(-C_2-I_3)mrp^2}{F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dpi}{dC} = \frac{C_1F_nI_3mrpw+C_2(F_{nr}pw-I_2mrpw)}{F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy})} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dpi}{dIn} = \frac{C_2I_2mrpw+F_nI_3mrpw-C_1F_nI_3mrpw}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dpi}{dR} = \frac{C_2F_{nn}Mp+F_{nn}I_3Mp-C_2F_nmypw-F_nI_3mypw}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dpi}{dY} = \frac{F_n(C_2+I_3)M}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dK} = \frac{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))}{p(F_{nn}I_3M+(-F_{nr}+C_1F_{nr}+I_2mr-F_{n3}my)w+C_2(F_{nn}M-F_{nmy}))} \rightarrow \text{Undefined Sign}$$

$$\frac{dN}{dw} = \frac{(C2 + I3) M}{p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w))} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dP}{dw} = \frac{p^2 \left( \frac{1}{p} - \frac{Fnn (C2 + I3) M}{p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w))} \right)}{p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w))} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dC}{dw} = \frac{C2 (Fn - I2) M + C1 Fn I3 M}{p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w))} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dIn}{dw} = \frac{C2 I2 M - (-1 + C1) Fn I3 M}{p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w))} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dR}{dw} = \frac{p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w))}{((-1 + C1) Fn + I2) M} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dw} = - \frac{p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w))}{p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w))} \rightarrow \text{Undefinide Sign}$$

## IS-LM AND DA-OA ANALYSIS

### IS EQUATION

$$dB = -dM;$$

$$B = -M;$$

$$IS =$$

FullSimplify[

Solve[

$$dy ==$$

ReplaceAll[

ReplaceAll[ReplaceAll[ReplaceAll[dc + dIn + dy + d dk,

$$\{dc \rightarrow C1 (dy - dT - d dk - (pi (p (dM + dB) - (M + B) dp) / p^2) + dpi (M + B) / p) + C2 (dr - dpi),$$

$$dIn \rightarrow I1 dk + I2 dN + I3 (dr - dpi)\}, \{dk \rightarrow 0\}, \{dp / p \rightarrow dw / w - Fnn dy / Fn^2\}, \{dN \rightarrow dy / Fn\}, dr]]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ dr \rightarrow dpi + \frac{-dg Fn + (C1 dT + dy - C1 dy) Fn - dy I2}{Fn (C2 + I3)} \right\} \right\}$$

$$IS = dr /. IS;$$

FullSimplify[D[IS, dy]]

$$\left\{ \frac{Fn - C1 Fn - I2}{C2 Fn + Fn I3} \right\}$$

### LM EQUATION

$$LM = FullSimplify[Solve[dy == ReplaceAll[{{(dM - M dp) / p^2 - mr dr} / my, \{dp / p \rightarrow dw / w - Fnn dy / Fn^2\}}, dr]]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ dr \rightarrow \frac{dM - dp M - dy my p^2}{mr p^2} \right\} \right\}$$

$$LM = dr /. LM;$$

D[LM, dy]

$$\left\{ -\frac{my}{mr} \right\}$$

### DA EQUATION

$$dB = -dM; B = -M;$$

$$DA = FullSimplify[Solve[IS == LM, dp]]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ dp \rightarrow - \frac{mr p^2 \left( dpi + \frac{-dg Fr + C1 (dT - dy) Fr + dy (Fn - I2)}{Fn (C2 + I3)} + \frac{-dM + dy my p^2}{mr p^2} \right)}{M} \right\} \right\}$$

**DA = dp / . DA;**

**FullSimplify[D[DA, dy]]**

$$\left\{ \frac{((-1 + C1) Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn (C2 + I3) my) p^2}{Fn (C2 + I3) M} \right\}$$

**OA EQUATION**

$$OA = dk \left( Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Ns}{1 - Fnn Ns} \right)$$

$$dk \left( Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Ns}{1 - Fnn Ns} \right)$$

**D[OA, dp]**

0

## WHIT DICOTOMIC

Supuesto dB distinto - dM

## GENERAL SOLUTIONS

**Unprotect[N, C, In];**

**ClearAll[Y, N, P, C, In, R, w, dM, dB];**

**B = - M;**

**A =**

**Simplify[Solve[{dy == Fk dk + Fn dN, (dw p - w dp) / p^2 == Fnk dk + Fnn dN, dM - M dp / p == p (mr dr + my dy),  
dy == dc + dIn + dg + delta dk, dIn == I1 dk + I2 dN + I3 (dr - dpi),  
dc == C1 (dy - dT - delta dk - (pi (p (dM + dB) - (M + B) dp) / p^2) + dpi (M + B) / p) + C2 (dr - dpi)},  
{dy, dN, dp, dc, dIn, dr}]]];**

**A[[1, 1]]**

**A[[1, 2]]**

**A[[1, 3]]**

**A[[1, 4]]**

**A[[1, 5]]**

**A[[1, 6]]**

**A = {dy, dN, dp, dc, dIn, dr} / . A;**

**dc ->**

**(C1 (dw Fn I3 M - dT Fnn I3 M p - dM Fn I3 w - dg Fn mr p w + dT Fn mr p w - dT I2 mr p w + dpi Fn I3 mr p w + dT Fn I3 my p w -  
dk p (- (Fnn I3 M + I2 mr w) (Fk - delta) + Fn (Fnk I3 M + I1 mr w - I3 my w delta))) +  
C2 (dw (Fn - I2) M - dg Fnn M p - dM Fn w + dM I2 w + dpi Fn mr p w - dpi I2 mr p w + dg Fn my p w +  
dk p (Fk Fnn M - Fnn I1 M + Fnk I2 M - Fk I2 my w - Fnn M delta + Fn (-Fnk M + my w (I1 + delta)))) /  
(p (Fnn I3 M + (-Fn mr + C1 Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn I3 my) w + C2 (Fnn M - Fn my w)))**

$$dIn \rightarrow (-(-1 + C1) dw F_n I3 M - dk F_n F_{nk} I3 M p + C1 dk F_n F_{nk} I3 M p - dg F_{nn} I3 M p + C1 dT F_{nn} I3 M p + dk F_k F_{nn} I3 M p - C1 dk F_k F_{nn} I3 M p - dM F_n I3 w + C1 dM F_n I3 w - dk F_n I1 mr p w + C1 dk F_n I1 mr p w - dg I2 mr p w + C1 dT I2 mr p w + dk F_k I2 mr p w - C1 dk F_k I2 mr p w + dpi F_n I3 mr p w - C1 dpi F_n I3 mr p w + dg F_n I3 my p w - C1 dT F_n I3 my p w + C2 (dw I2 M + I2 (-dM + dpi mr p) w + dk p (F_{nn} I1 M - F_{nk} I2 M - F_n I1 my w + F_k I2 my w)) - dk F_{nn} I3 M p \delta + C1 dk F_{nn} I3 M p \delta - dk I2 mr p w \delta + C1 dk I2 mr p w \delta + dk F_n I3 my p w \delta - C1 dk F_n I3 my p w \delta) / (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n mr + C1 F_n mr + I2 mr - F_n I3 my) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n my w)))$$

$$dp \rightarrow \frac{1}{w} \left( p^2 \left( -dk F_{nk} + \frac{dw}{p} + (F_{nn} (dk F_k ((-1 + C1) mr - (C2 + I3) my) p w + (C2 + I3) (-dw M + dk F_{nk} M p + dM w) + mr p w (dg - C2 dpi - C1 dT + dk I1 - dpi I3 + dk \delta - C1 dk \delta)) \right) / (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n mr + C1 F_n mr + I2 mr - F_n I3 my) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n my w))) \right)$$

$$dr \rightarrow (-dw ((-1 + C1) F_n + I2) M - dg F_{nn} M p + C2 dpi F_{nn} M p + C1 dT F_{nn} M p + dpi F_{nn} I3 M p - dM F_n w + C1 dM F_n w + dM I2 w + dg F_n my p w - C2 dpi F_n my p w - C1 dT F_n my p w - dpi F_n I3 my p w + dk p (-F_k ((-1 + C1) F_{nn} M + I2 my w) + M (F_{nk} I2 - F_{nn} (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta)) + F_n ((-1 + C1) F_{nk} M + my w (I1 + \delta - C1 \delta)))) / (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n mr + C1 F_n mr + I2 mr - F_n I3 my) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n my w)))$$

$$dy \rightarrow dk F_k - (F_n (dk F_k ((-1 + C1) mr - (C2 + I3) my) p w + (C2 + I3) (-dw M + dk F_{nk} M p + dM w) + mr p w (dg - C2 dpi - C1 dT + dk I1 - dpi I3 + dk \delta - C1 dk \delta))) / (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n mr + C1 F_n mr + I2 mr - F_n I3 my) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n my w)))$$

$$dN \rightarrow -(dk F_k ((-1 + C1) mr - (C2 + I3) my) p w + (C2 + I3) (-dw M + dk F_{nk} M p + dM w) + mr p w (dg - C2 dpi - C1 dT + dk I1 - dpi I3 + dk \delta - C1 dk \delta)) / (p (F_{nn} I3 M + (-F_n mr + C1 F_n mr + I2 mr - F_n I3 my) w + C2 (F_{nn} M - F_n my w)))$$

## STATIC COMPARATIVE

To calculate the sensibility of the endogenous variables (Y,C,N,WP,R,In,P) with regarding the exogenous ones (dk,dg,dT,dpi,dM,dB) alone replaces them in the following expression

**ClearAll[exogenas, endogenas];**

**Unprotected[dWP];**

**endogenas = {dY, dNN, dP, dC, dIn, dR};**

**exogenas = {dg, dk, dT, dM, dpi, dw};**

**Do[Multiplicator[A[[1, j]], exogenas[[i]], endogenas[[j]],**

**Fnn < 0 && Fnk > 0 && Fk > 0 && C1 > 0 && C2 < 0 && I1 < 0 && I2 > 0 && I3 < 0 && Fkk < 0 && p > 0 && mr < 0 &&**

**my > 0 && Np > 0 && M > 0], {i, 1, Length[exogenas]}, {j, 1, Length[endogenas]}}**

**((-1 + C1) F\_n + I2) w**

**Fnn (C2 + I3) M p + ((-1 + C1) F\_n mr + I2 mr - F\_n (C2 + I3) my) p w**

## IS-LM AND DA-OA ANALYSIS

### IS EQUATION

B = - M;

IS =

FullSimplify[

Solve[

dy ==

ReplaceAll[

ReplaceAll[ReplaceAll[ReplaceAll[dc + dIn + dy + δ dk,

{dc -> C1 (dy - dT - δ dk - (pi (p (dM + dB) - (M + B) dp) / p^2) + dpi (M + B) / p) + C2 (dr - dpi),

dIn -> I1 dk + I2 dN + I3 (dr - dpi)], {dk -> 0}], {dp / p -> dw / w - Fnn dy / Fn^2}], {dN -> dy / Fn}], dr]]

{{{dr -> dpi +  $\frac{-dg Fn + (C1 dT + dy - C1 dy) Fn - dy I2}{Fn (C2 + I3)}$ }}}

IS = dr /. IS;

FullSimplify[D[IS, dy]]

{  $\frac{Fn - C1 Fn - I2}{C2 Fn + Fn I3}$  }

LM EQUATION

LM = FullSimplify[Solve[dy == ReplaceAll[{(dM - M dp) / p^2 - mr dr) / my, {dp / p -> dw / w - Fnn dy / Fn^2}], dr]]

{{{dr ->  $\frac{dM - dp M - dy my p^2}{mr p^2}$ }}}

LM = dr /. LM;

D[LM, dy]

{  $-\frac{my}{mr}$  }

DA EQUATION

B = - M;

DA = FullSimplify[Solve[IS == LM, dp]]

{{{dp ->  $-\frac{mr p^2 \left( dpi + \frac{-dg Fn + C1 (dT - dy) Fn + dy (Fn - I2)}{Fn (C2 + I3)} + \frac{-dM + dy my p^2}{mr p^2} \right)}{M}$ }}}

DA = dp /. DA;

FullSimplify[D[DA, dy]]

{  $\frac{((-1 + C1) Fn mr + I2 mr - Fn (C2 + I3) my) p^2}{Fn (C2 + I3) M}$  }

OA EQUATION

OA = dk  $\left( Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Ns}{1 - Fnn Ns} \right)$

dk  $\left( Fk + \frac{Fn Fnk Ns}{1 - Fnn Ns} \right)$

D[OA, dp]

0

## APÉNDICE I

### Notación empleada en los modelos clásico y keynesiano.

$Y$  = Nivel de ingreso (producción) de la economía.

$K$  = Stock de capital de la economía.

$N$  = Nivel de empleo de la economía.

$P$  = Precio (o nivel de) del único bien producido en la economía.

$w$  = Salario nominal de mercado o costo unitario del trabajo  
(igual al costo marginal del factor).

$r$  = Rendimiento nominal de los bonos públicos.

$\pi$  = Tasa esperada de incremento de los precios por parte del público  
o tasa real esperada del rendimiento del dinero,  
no necesariamente igual a la tasa efectiva de depreciación del mismo.

$\delta$  = Tasa instantánea de depreciación física del capital.

$r - \pi$  = Rendimiento esperado de los bonos públicos.

$r - \pi + \delta$  = Costo del capital de las empresas.

$-\frac{\dot{p}}{p}$  = Rendimiento real del dinero

(supuesto que el rendimiento nominal del dinero nulo).

$r - \frac{\dot{p}}{p}$  = Rendimiento real de los bonos públicos.

$C$  = Demanda de consumo de las economías domésticas.

$I$  = Demanda de inversión de las empresas.

$B$  = Valor nominal de los bonos públicos.

$G$  = Gasto público en bienes, de uso inmediato no generando acumulación.

$T$  = Impuestos reales, netos de transferencias, tipo Lump sum (de suma fija).

$M$  = Cantidad nominal de dinero.

$m_y$  = Sensibilidad de la demanda real de dinero al ingreso de la economía.

$m_r$  = Sensibilidad de la demanda real de dinero  
al rendimiento nominal de los bonos públicos.

$N^s$  = Oferta laboral de la economía.

$F()$  = Tecnología de producción.

$n$  = Número de empresas existentes.

## APÉNDICE II

### Notación empleada en Mathematica 4.0

Definición en el texto = definición en el lenguaje de Mathematica 4.0

$$Y = y$$

$$K = K$$

$$N = N$$

$$P = p$$

$$w = w$$

$$r = r$$

$$\pi = pi$$

$$\delta = \delta$$

$$C = c$$

$$I = In$$

$$B = B$$

$$G = g$$

$$T = T$$

$$M = M$$

$$m_Y = my$$

$$m_r = mr$$

$$N^s = N^s$$

$$\frac{\partial N^s}{\partial w/P} = N_s$$

$$\frac{w}{P} = wp$$

$$F() = F$$

$$F_N = Fn$$

$$F_K = Fk$$

$$F_{NN} = Fnn$$

$$F_{KK} = Fkk$$

$$F_{NK} = F_{KN} = Fnk = Fkn$$

$$I_1 = I1$$

$$I_2 = I2$$

$$I_3 = I3$$

$$I_4 = I4$$

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